

Provincias Library

# DIDSBURY

# PIONEER

VOL. XVI

DIDSBURY, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 30th, 1918

No. 44

## OFFICIAL PROSPECTUS

The proceeds of this Loan will be used for War purposes only, and will be spent wholly in Canada



THE MINISTER OF FINANCE OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA offers for Public Subscription the

## Victory Loan 1918

### \$300,000,000. 5½% Gold Bonds

Bearing interest from November 1st, 1918, and offered in two maturities, the choice of which is optional with the subscriber as follows:  
5 year Bonds due November 1st, 1923  
15 year Bonds due November 1st, 1933

Principal payable without charge at the Office of the Minister of Finance and Receiver General at Ottawa, or at the Office of the Assistant Receiver General at Halifax, St. John, Charlottetown, Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary and Victoria.

Bonds may be registered as to principal or as to principal and interest, at any of the above-mentioned offices.

Interest payable, without charge, half-yearly, May 1st and November 1st, at any branch in Canada of any Chartered Bank.

Principal and Interest payable in Gold  
Denominations: \$50, \$100, \$500 and \$1,000

## Issue Price: 100 and Accrued Interest

### Income Return 5½% per Annum

Free from taxes—including any income tax—imposed in pursuance of legislation enacted by the Parliament of Canada.

The proceeds of the Loan will be used for war purposes only, including the purchase of grain, foodstuffs, munitions and other supplies, and will be spent wholly in Canada.

Payment to be made as follows:

10% on application; 20% January 6th, 1919;  
20% December 6th, 1918; 20% February 6th, 1919;  
31.16% March 6th, 1919.

The last payment of 31.16% covers 30% balance of principal and 1.16% representing accrued interest at 5½% from November 1st to due dates of the respective instalments.

A full half year's interest will be paid on May 1st, 1919, making the cost of the bonds 100 and interest.

Subscriptions may be paid in full at the time of application at 100 without interest; or on any instalment due date thereafter together with accrued interest at the rate of 5½% per annum.

This Loan is authorized under Act of the Parliament of Canada, and both principal and interest are a charge upon the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

The Amount of this issue, \$300,000,000, exclusive of the amount (if any) paid for interest on bonds of previous issues. The Minister of Finance, however, reserves the right to allot the whole or any part of the amount subscribed in excess of \$300,000,000.

### Conversion Privileges

Bonds of this issue will, in the event of future issues of like maturity, or longer, made by the Government, during the remaining period of the War, other than issues made abroad, be accepted at 100 and accrued interest, as the equivalent of cash for the purpose of subscription to such issues.

### Payments

All cheques, drafts, etc., covering instalments, are to be made payable to the Credit of the Minister of Finance. Failure to pay any instalment when due will render previous payments liable to forfeiture, and the allotment to cancellation. Subscriptions must be accompanied by a deposit of 10% of the amount subscribed. Official Canvassers will forward subscriptions or any branch in Canada of any Chartered Bank will accept subscription and issue receipts.

Subscriptions may be paid in full at time of application at 100 without interest; or on any instalment due date thereafter together with accrued interest to time of making payment in full. Under this provision, payment of subscriptions may be made as follows:

If paid in full on or before Nov. 16th, 1918, par without interest, or 100%  
If remaining instalments paid on Dec. 6th, 1918, balance of 40% and interest, (\$90.48 per \$100.)  
If remaining instalments paid on Jan. 6th, 1919, balance of 70% and interest, (\$70.80 per \$100.)  
If remaining instalments paid on Feb. 6th, 1919, balance of 50% and interest, (\$51.04 per \$100.)  
If remaining instalment paid on Mar. 6th, 1919, balance of 30% and interest, (\$31.16 per \$100.)

### Denomination and Registration

Bearer bonds, with coupons, will be issued in denominations of \$50, \$100, \$500, and \$1,000, and may be registered as to principal. The first coupon attached to these bonds will be due on May 1st, 1919.

Fully registered bonds, the interest on which is paid direct to the owner by Government cheque, will be issued in denominations of \$50, \$100, \$500, \$1,000, \$5,000, \$10,000, \$25,000, \$50,000, \$100,000, or any multiple of \$100,000.

### Payment of Interest

A full half year's interest at the rate of 5½% per annum will be paid May 1st, 1919.

### Form of Bond and Delivery

Subscribers must indicate on their application the form of bond and the denominations required, and the securities so indicated will be delivered by the bank upon payment of the subscription in full.

Bearer bonds of this issue will be available for delivery at the time of application to subscribers desirous of making payment in full. Bonds registered as to principal only, or fully registered as to principal and interest, will be delivered to subscribers making payment in full, as soon as the required registration can be made.

Payment of all instalments must be made at the bank originally named by the subscriber.

Non-negotiable receipts will be furnished to all subscribers who desire to pay by instalments. These receipts will be exchangeable at subscriber's bank for bonds on any instalment date when subscription is paid in full.

### Form of Bonds Interchangeable

Subject to the payment of 25 cents for each new bond issued, holders of fully registered bonds without coupons, will have the right to convert into bonds with coupons and vice versa, at any time, on application to the Minister of Finance or any Assistant Receiver General.

Forms of application may be obtained from any Official Canvasser, from any Victory Loan Committee, or member thereof, or from any branch in Canada of any Chartered Bank.

**Subscription Lists will close on or before November 16th, 1918**

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,  
OTTAWA, October 28th, 1918.

**Behind the Gun the Man - Behind the Man the Dollar**  
**Make Your Dollars Fight the Hun**

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### Austria Accepts Terms Hindenburg and Ludendorff Resign

In reply to President Wilson's note to Austria of October 18th, Austria says she is willing and ready to negotiate an immediate peace and armistice on all Austro-Hungarian fronts.

General Ludendorff of the German General Staff has handed his resignation to the Kaiser who has accepted it.

Field Marshal Von Hindenburg has also resigned according to German papers but the Kaiser has not yet decided to accept it.

Germany has replied to Wilson's last note but there is not much to it excepting the reiteration that Germany has made the changes in her government that is required and that they are now awaiting proposals for an armistice from the Allies.

The supreme war council of the Allies it is thought, will meet in Versailles shortly, while the military and naval members of the Allies are drawing terms for an armistice that will virtually mean a surrender by Germany.

### This Amount Must Be Raised in Didsbury and District

The amount to be raised for the Victory loan in Didsbury and district is placed at \$65,000, divided as follows:

Town of Didsbury, \$20,000.00.  
All Tp. 31, Rge. 1, north mile Tp. 30, Rge. 1, W. 5th, \$9,000.00.  
All Tp. 31, Rge. 2, north mile Tp. 30, Rge. 2, W. 5th, \$9,000.00.  
All Tp. 31, Rge. 3, north mile Tp. 31, Rge. 3, W. 5th, \$8,000.00.  
All Tp. 31, Rge. 4 and 5, mile north Tp. 31, Rge. 4 and 5, W. 5th, \$1,200.00.  
All Tp. 32, Rge. 4 and 5, W. 5th, \$2,250.00.  
All Tp. 31, Rge. 28 and Gore and north mile in Tp. 30, W. 5th, \$6,500.00.  
All Tp. 31, Rge. 27, north mile Tp. 30, W. 5th, \$4,000.00.

### Two Deaths From Pneumonia

Didsbury has paid toll to the dreaded influenza epidemic in the death of two of her younger generation last week.

The first to pass away was little Hilda Nice, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Nice of Saltburn, Sask., who has been residing with Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Wood for some months for the purpose of attending school in Didsbury. Mr. Wood's two small sons and the little girl all took down with the disease at about the same time and everything that could possibly be done was done for their benefit but the little girl passed away on Wednesday last at the age of 11 years, while the two boys are on the road to recovery. Mrs. Nice, the mother arrived in town just before the little one passed away, but the father was unable to get here until after her death.

The other death was that of Miss Morah Bricker, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Bricker, at the age of 18 years, which took place on Saturday last. Miss Bricker was a handsome, strong looking girl of a quiet lady-like disposition who was very much thought of by all who

knew her, especially by her school mates. All of Mr. Bricker's family are suffering severely with the disease and another daughter, Edith, almost succumbed but they are all on the road to recovery now.

These two deaths cast a gloom over the whole community not only because of the menace of the influenza but because of the fact that two promising young lives had been taken away just as they were blooming into womanhood.

Both families have the heartfelt sympathy of the whole community in their losses.

### No Time To Waver

"It is possible that Germany's peace offensive may cause wavering, not among our gallant armies, but among our civilian population. Who can tell what the effect on the world would be of a great oversubscription in the approaching Victory Loan campaign in Canada? That would be a magnificent answer for Canada to make to the enemy's new campaign of whining insincerity.

"When the Hun first used his poison gas on the battlefield, it was a lone Canadian division that saved the situation. It may be possible for Canadians at home to render a similar service now.

"The watchword, therefore, for the Victory Loan organization and for the Canadian people until unconditional surrender by the foe is an accomplished fact is not to relax but to redouble every effort.

"There is this further consideration, that supposing peace could be declared to-morrow, on terms satisfactory to the allies, Canada's war expenditure would continue for at least another twelvemonth, and consequently the necessity for raising the full amount of the loan would be none the less urgent."—E. R. Wood, Chairman, Dominion Victory Loan Committee.

### Didsbury Realty Co.

R. B. MARTIN, Mgr. P. O. Box 3

### FOR SALE

Two Improved Quarter Sections within 3 miles of Didsbury, \$21 per acre

Quarter Section near Elkton, small improvements, \$7.50 per acre

Improved Quarter Sec. near Sunnyslope, 90 acres cultivated, lots of water, and plenty of hay in stacks for sale nearly.

Half Section east of Dog Pound, north of town line, unimproved, \$16 per acre.

Half Section 5 miles north Didsbury (dairy farm) \$4,800 (\$2000 cash).

Two good town residences for sale—terms.

### MONEY TO LOAN ON FARMS

### BUSINESS LOCALS

#### 5¢ A LINE IN ADVANCE IN THIS COLUMN

No advertisement taken for less than 25c.

**POTATOES FOR SALE**—600 bushels extra good potatoes. Apply J. J. Tully or N. R. Singleton, Didsbury. 3tp44

**LOST**—Yellow Collie Dog, three-quarter bob-tailed, 4 white feet and a little white on face. B. Lutkehaus, Ferngen. 1tp42

**FOR SALE**—Purebred Pure Jersey bear p. g. 5 months old. J. H. Hahn, phone 34. 2tp42

**WANTED**—Capable girl for house work. Apply to Mrs. G. B. Sayers, Didsbury. 1tp44

Dr. M. Mecklenburg, the old reliable graduate, long experienced and well established Optician, will again be at the Red cloud hotel Thurs. **NOVEMBER 28th.**

**The War is not yet over—**  
**Buy Victor Bonds**



## ZAM-BUK

Purely Herbal—No poisonous coloring  
Antiseptic—Stops blood-poison  
Soothing—Ends pain and smarting, etc.  
Pure—Best for baby's rashes.  
Heals all sores.

50c. box. All Druggists and Stores

### Freedom of Seas Belongs To Allies

A Vessel Now Leaves for Europe  
Every Forty Minutes

If ocean commerce had been handled in the old way the U-boats would have had a far better chance of realizing the Germans' early expectations of winning the war. In meeting the problem of the shortage of shipping it was no less necessary that all the vessels at the allies' command should render the fullest possible service than that the ship yards should speed up the rate of production. Before the war it would never have seemed feasible that the entire sea traffic of this country should be organized as a single system and operated on schedule time.

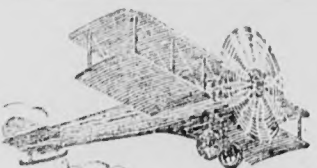
Today the United States shipping board has under its surveillance the movements of one-fourth of the merchant ships of the world. Day by day their locations, their arrivals and their sailings are charted and the time spent in port and in transit. With the regularity of railroad trains great cargo ships are loaded with supplies and despatched to return in a given number of days.

It would be disheartening to the German people to know, if they were allowed to receive the information, that every six minutes a merchant vessel arrives at and another leaves an American port, and that from North Atlantic seaports one departs for Europe every forty minutes. This does not include vessels in the service of the army or navy. It does not take into account the transportation abroad of 1,450,000 American troops, over 800,000 of them in the last three months alone.

To all of these ships are allotted cargoes of food, raw materials or munitions, according to the government requirements. It is all part of the business of carrying on the war on prearranged plans. From month to month it is known with reasonable precision how much shipping will be available at various ports and what supplies and munitions will be moved overseas. The freedom of the seas belongs to the allies and America, and under the protection of their navies they move their ships at will wherever they need.

#### Cost of Being Governed

It costs \$1,400,000 a year "to run" the British house of commons, including \$1,040,000 for members' salaries and \$222,835 to work the house of lords. For the coming year the lords are putting on an extra item of \$9,000 for six reporters, as they are now issuing their debates daily, like the house of commons. In view of the fact that the commons, who hold many and long sittings, can manage with twelve reporters, the lords, who sit neither early nor very often, are doing themselves well.



## A Feeling of Confidence

always goes with  
health, and health  
making is the big  
reason for

## Grape-Nuts

A delicious food,  
rich in the vital  
phosphates.  
No Waste. You  
eat and enjoy it  
to the last atom.  
Health making,  
nourishing,  
economical.

Canada Food Board License No. 2-026

Canada Food Board License No. 2-026

W. N. U. 1228

### New Russia's New Flag

A new flag has been deployed, a white and green flag, that of the provisional government of Siberia established at Vladivostok. White and green, symbolical of Russia's vast snow-covered plains and great stretches of dense forests! There is something primitive and distinctly characteristic in this choice which will appeal to that love of the land which is so strong in the Russian people. For this reason the Siberian flag is more likely to be regarded as an emblem by the many peoples which comprise Greater Russia than if it had symbolized aught else than nature as she is known in that land of vast spaces formerly known as Russia, now being divided by German artifice.

### DOUGLAS' INFANT TABLETS

FORMERLY KENNEQUIN  
FOR BABIES AND SMALL CHILDREN  
Contains no harmful drugs. 25c per box or 8 boxes by mail on receipt of \$1.00.

Douglas & Co., Nanawee, Ont.

#### Made in Germany

Irate Lady—This clothes line as I bought last night you said was a all-British line.

Shopkeeper—Yes, madam.  
Irate Lady—Well, it's broke twice and let me washing down. A 'Indenburg line I calls it.—Tit-Bits.

### YES! LIFT A CORN OFF WITHOUT PAIN!

Cincinnati man tells how to dry  
up a corn or callus so it  
lifts off with fingers.

You corn-pestered men and women need suffer no longer. Wear the shoes that nearly killed you before, says this Cincinnati authority, because a few drops of freezone applied directly on a tender, aching corn or callus, stops soreness at once and soon the corn or hardened callus loosens so it can be lifted off, root and all, without pain.

A small bottle of freezone costs very little at any drug store, but will positively take off every hard or soft corn or callus. This should be tried, as it is inexpensive and is said not to irritate the surrounding skin.

If your druggist hasn't any freezone tell him to get a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house. It is fine stuff and acts like a charm every time.

#### High Water Mark

"High water mark" is the line ordinarily reached by the sea at high tide. The general high water mark of the sea is taken as the line at the limit of the rise of the medium tides and that of a body of fresh water in which there is no ebb and flow tide, is taken at the limit of the soil that is so affected by the water as to be marked with a nature and vegetation distinct from that of the banks.

As a vermicide there is no preparation that equals Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. It has saved the lives of countless children.

### Increased Production

Cities of Western Canada Helping  
Food Situation by Vacant  
Lot Cultivation

The cultivation of vacant lots in the cities of Western Canada will add considerably to food production. Nearly all the cities—Winnipeg, Regina, Saskatoon, Calgary and others—report very large crops of potatoes, in addition to all kinds of vegetables. Winnipeg's potato harvest, it is estimated, will run to about 100,000 bushels. Saskatoon has about 20,000 bushels in sight. No estimates are available from other cities, but reports indicate that their crops will be equally large.

The yields will be invariably larger than last year, and the increase is due rather to this than to any increase in acreage. In the city of Winnipeg some 21,320 gardens, having an aggregate acreage of 920 acres, which have been cultivated. About two-thirds of this area was sown to potatoes.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

#### Pig-keeping Warship

A writer in the London Daily Chronicle tells of a monitor that has a double claim to Britain's gratitude. In the first place she frequently and thoroughly bombards the Boche; secondly, she keeps pigs. Members of the ship's company patriotically decided that spare space could not better be utilized than in rearing pork and bacon, and prosperity has smiled on their sea styes and the labor of their leisure hours. They also do well with rabbits. Indeed, the vessel's success as a farm is only excelled by its success as a floating battery.

Tommy Atkins had taken a German officer prisoner and demanded the latter's sword. The officer shook his head. "I have no sword to give up," he said; "but won't my vitrol spray, my flame projector or my gas cylinder do as well?"



### Begin Dinner With Dessert

The Plan of the Chinese Would Save  
Meat

How about eating your pie or pudding at the beginning of dinner and then finishing up with meat, fish or soup? In China, where everything is done backwards according to our way of thinking, they begin a meal with dessert. After the sweets have taken the edge off their appetites they can eat what meats or vegetables they need and are satisfied.

The suggestion that we adopt the Chinese custom was made in the course of a sermon on food conservation preached recently. The preacher's text was "and in the seven plentiful years the earth brought forth in handfuls." After calling attention to the success of Joseph as the first food controller in written history, the preacher said: "I would like to make a somewhat startling suggestion to the food administration and to the public generally. It is that we should adopt the Chinese custom of eating sweets and desserts first at our meals."

"I am persuaded that the Chinese custom of serving sweets at the beginning was adopted centuries ago as a food conservation measure, for they have hundreds of millions of people to feed and great families are common among them. As the sweets take the edge off one's appetite, one would eat less meat and vegetables if he began on desserts."

"These Chinese customs are more rational and less animal than ours. It is also more healthful, for when one ends with sweets he leaves an acid reaction in the mouth which is bad for the teeth and the system generally. As a conservation measure the introduction of the Chinese custom in this country would result in a saving of one-fifth of the meat consumed. This would be an inestimable benefit to our soldiers and our allies."

A druggist can obtain an imitation of MINARD'S LINIMENT from a Toronto house at a very low price, and have it labeled his own product.

This greasy imitation is the poorest one we have yet seen of the many that every Tom, Dick and Harry has tried to introduce.

Ask for MINARD'S and you will get it.

#### Broken in Spirit

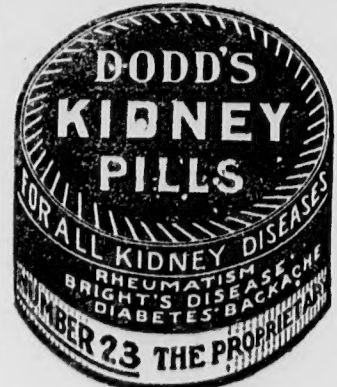
"I suppose you always prefer to enlist men who are not married," remarked Jones to a sergeant at the recruiting station.

"No; you're mistaken there," the latter hastened to reply. "I prefer married men every time. You see, we don't have to go to the trouble of teaching married men to obey."—London Tit-Bits.

To safeguard the child from damage that worms cause, use Miller's Worm Powders, the medicine par excellence for children. These powders will clear the system entirely of worms, will regulate and stimulate the organs injuriously affected by the worms, and will encourage healthful operation of the digestive processes. As a vermifuge it cannot be surpassed in effectiveness.

#### Dreadful

"Mother, did God make you?"  
"Yes, dear."  
"Did He make me too?"  
"Of course, darling."  
"Did He make the flies?"  
"Certainly, He made everything."  
The child bent over his toys, muttering, "dreadful fussy work—making flies."



### Building Trade Active

Marked Revival in Prairie Cities Has  
Been Noted

During the past two years a marked revival in the building trade in the prairie cities of Canada has been noted. From the outbreak of the war until the beginning of last year the business was practically at a standstill. In Regina, Saskatchewan, the value of permits issued this year already exceeds the total of the whole of the two previous years, and it is anticipated that before the end of the year the expenditure on new buildings in that city will exceed a million dollars, as considerable building is to be done this fall. Though not quite so busy as Regina, Saskatoon, Saskatchewan, is also enjoying brisk building activity, the value of the permits issued during the first seven months of this year being more than fifty per cent. greater than the total of last year.

### FREQUENT HEADACHES

People with thin blood are much more subject to headaches than full-blooded persons, and the form of anaemia that afflicts growing girls is almost always accompanied by headaches, together with disturbance of the digestive organs.

Whenever you have constant or recurring headaches and pallor of the face, they show that the blood is thin and your efforts should be directed toward building up your blood. A fair treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will do this effectively, and the rich, red blood made by these pills will remove the headache.

More disturbances to the health are caused by their blood than most people have any idea of. When your blood is impoverished, the nerves suffer from lack of nourishment and you may be troubled with insomnia, neuritis, neuralgia or sciatica. Muscles subject to strain are under-nourished and you may have muscular rheumatism or lumbago. If your blood is thin and you begin to show symptoms of any of these disorders, try building up the blood with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and as the blood is restored to its normal condition every symptom of the trouble will disappear. There are more people who owe their present state of good health to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills than to any other medicine, and most of them do not hesitate to say so.

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills through any dealer in medicine or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

#### A Clever Answer

The old practice of badgering witnesses is still kept up in some western courts, sometimes, however, to the detriment of the cross-examiner. Lawyer Smith, partially bald, and a very infrequent patron of the local barber shop, was grilling a witness on the stand.

"Now, Mr. Barker, you pass for an intelligent farmer; and yet you can't tell how old this barn is and you have lived on the next farm for ten years. Come, now, tell us how old your own house is, if you think you know."

Whereupon the old farmer somewhat testily replied: "Well, it's just about as old as you are, and needs shingling about as bad."

An Easy Pill to Take.—Some persons have repugnance to pills because of their nauseating taste. Farmelee's Vegetable Pills are so prepared as to make them agreeable to the most fastidious. The most delicate can take them without feeling the revulsion that follows the taking of ordinary pills. This is one reason for the popularity of these celebrated pills, but the main reason is their high tonical quality as a medicine for the stomach.

#### Japanese Women Dive for Shells

The Japanese industry of making buttons, scarfpins, shirt studs, cuff links and the like from sea shells, brought from the Indian Ocean, the Philippines and the South Sea Islands, has made mighty strides these last few years, says Gas Logic. Millions of the shells are gathered from the ocean bottom by women divers, who work without the aid of any diving apparatus whatever.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

#### Odd Styles in Ornaments

Cow's Horns Considered Becoming  
Headgear

A very odd kind of ornament commonly worn by the Zulus in South Africa is made of the cocoons of a large species of moth. These, when dried, make a rattling sound if shaken, the shrivelled pupae of the insects being still inside.

The cocoons are baked to kill the contained insects and then are strung a bunch of them together, to form anklets.

A Zulu can be seen drawing a 'rickshaw. He wears a pair of these anklets, which are not only attractive to the eye, but, by their rattling agreeable to the ear of the negro. They furnish a cheerful accompaniment to his movements as he runs along the road.

It will be noticed that he wears a pair of cow's horns on his head. They have no significance except as a becoming headgear.



### Training Textile Men

An interesting extension in connection with the woollen and worsted industries is taking place in the textile department of the Leeds (England) University. It has been arranged to provide a special diploma course of study for the training of the merchants of the future of the woollen and worsted industry, in which textiles, economics and languages will be suitably and usefully combined. It is proposed to use the fine equipment of the cloth workers' department of the university in giving the students knowledge of the materials—whether wools, tops, yarns or fabrics—with which he is to deal, in order that he may learn intelligently the best means of producing goods to meet the requirements of each particular market.



## Ingram's Velveola Souveraine Face Powder

When warm days or hard work cause you to perspire, your nose and forehead become oily and shiny. A light application of Ingram's Velveola Souveraine Face Powder will remove the shine and give your complexion smooth attractiveness. It hides blemishes and tiny wrinkles. Yet so fine of texture is it you can scarcely detect it. And best of all it blends perfectly with the complexion and stays on. (50c.)

To give your complexion the fresh health of youth use Ingram's Milkweed Cream daily. It is gently curative and remedial. It cleanses and softens. Rubbed into the hands it keeps them soft and white. Two sizes, 50c. and \$1.00. A full line of Ingram's toilet products, including Zedenta for the teeth (25c.), is at your druggists.

#### A Picture With Each Purchase

Each time you buy a package of Ingram's Toilet aids or Perfume your druggist will give you, without charge, a large portrait of a world-famed motion picture actress. Each time you get a different portrait so you make a collection for your home. Ask your druggist.

F. F. Ingram Company  
Windsor, Ontario (120)



## YOU HAVE THE RIGHT IDEA

when you always deliver your

Cream, Milk, Eggs, Poultry, Etc.

TO THE

## Crystal Dairy Ltd.

The place that has always convinced its patrons of its reliability, is established here with thousands of dollars of an investment to always be an asset to this town and to the Dairy Industry of this locality.

We have men in our employ with from 16 to 20 years' experience and who have Diplomas and Provincial License for Cream and Milk Testing and also for manufacturing milk and cream into many finished products.

We appreciate the co-operation that the dairymen are giving us in patronizing us so extensively and in return we always guarantee you courteous and prompt service. As for prices on Cream our patrons realize that we are well equipped and are paying 1c per lb. Butter Fat more for Sweet Cream than any other firm in Alberta. Sour for churning we will pay equal to any.

The milk price owing to condensing has been from 50c to 60c per cwt. higher than elsewhere in the province.

We want your co-operation Dairymen every day the year round to boost and make Didsbury the largest Milk and Cream centre in Alberta.

Phone 86

A. R. KENDRICK, Manager

## Down Huns with Dollars and Guns--Buy Victory Bonds

We Are Still Advancing in Business

AT THE

## Pallesen Creamery DEPOT

We have taken more prizes in Butter this year than any other Creamery in Canada from coast to coast. Ship to a reliable Creamery where you can get cash for every shipment.

Correct weight, and tests open to inspection

TRY US

## Pallesen Central Creamery

P. PALLESEN, Prop.

JOHN A. MACDONALD, Manager

DIDSBURY

ALBERTA

Highest Prices Paid for Poultry

## Put Your Dollars in Uniform Buy Victory Bonds

## Notice to Farmers!

We have opened a Cream Station at the North end of town.

Highest Market Prices Paid

for CREAM, EGGS and POULTRY

GIVE US A TRIAL

## Campbell & Griffin

Our Motto---"Square Dealing"

J. A. RUBY, Manager.

Didsbury, Alta

## 346 Men, Women and Children Drown

A terrible accident occurred when the C. P. R. steamship Princess Sophia struck on Vanderbilt reef in the Lynn canal, midway between Skagway and Juneau, Alaska, on Friday evening last in a blinding wind and snowstorm.

There were 346 men, women and children, including the crew, and not a soul was saved.

The passenger list was made up largely of Dawson and Alaska people coming out for the winter.

## Influenza, Some Interesting Facts About Its History, Prevention and Treatment

Influenza, which is now sweeping over Canada from one end to the other, is a very old disease. It was known in ancient times, and as early as 1510 it over-ran the whole civilized world. For centuries it has periodically swept over various parts of the world. The last great world epidemic was in 1889-1890 when it was generally known by the French name of la grippe. The disease has always travelled from east to west.

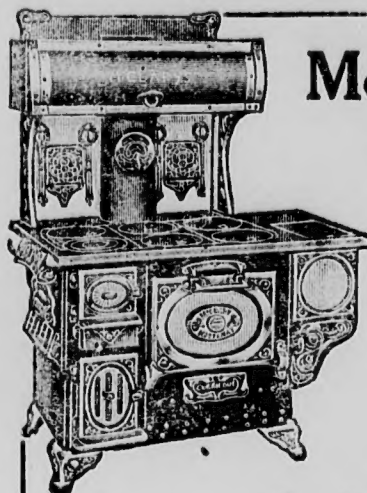
The symptoms are similar to those of a heavy cold, more or less severe headache, cold in the head and throat, fits of sneezing, flushed face, chills, aches and pains in the back and limbs, pains in the eye balls and behind the eyes, general physical depression, and temperature rising to between 101 and 104 degrees.

As it is such an old disease, doctors have naturally learned a great deal about its prevention and treatment. The first principle of prevention is to keep away from those infected, and the second, to build up the germ-resisting parts of the body by eating nourishing foods, dressing comfortably, getting lots of sleep, and by living in the open air and in bright, well-ventilated rooms as much as possible. The mouth, throat and nose should be systematically and frequently disinfected by antiseptic inhalations, sprays and washes. Such preparations as eucalyptus and listerine are well adapted for this purpose.

In fighting previous epidemics, doctors found quinine a useful preventive. One grain of sulphate of quinine mixed with, (but not dissolved in) a wineglassful of cold water makes an excellent antiseptic gargle. The anti-microbial properties of quinine are well known and its use as described above at once relieves the symptoms of sore throat, which result from the strain of the fight between the white blood corpuscles and the invading germs in the tonsils--the body's first line of defence. Quinine is also given internally with success as a preventive. In one of the more recent outbreaks in Europe, an experiment was tried in which the men of one squadron of a regiment of cavalry were each given 7 1-2 grains of quinine in 1-2 ounce of whiskey daily for 22 days, whilst those of the other squadrons were given none. The latter squadrons had from 22 to 44 cases each of influenza, whilst the squadron treated with quinine developed only 4 cases. Inhalations of oil of eucalyptus, thymol, oil of mountain pine and the like are also valuable as preventives.

When a person is struck by influenza, only one course lies open. That is to take to bed with the least possible delay, and call a doctor. Rest, warmth and quiet are three sovereign remedies of the primary disease, and the best preventive of its more deadly complications, of which pneumonia is the most frequent. While there is no specific

(Continued on page 6)



## Most Heat from Fuel

One reason why the Kootenay Range gives the most use of the heat generated from the fuel, is that the grates have ample vents to make perfect combustion in the firebox, which is properly and scientifically proportioned according to the needs of the range.

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## STRAYED—\$5.00 REWARD

Strayed from the Didsbury stockyards red roan 2 year old steer, branded on right hip. \$5.00 reward offered for information leading to recovery of same. Fred Moyle, Didsbury. 4tp43

## ESTRAY

Two yearling cattle, branded G 3 on right ribs. Please notify Mrs. Wm. Mueller, Didsbury, Alta. Phone 1504 4tp43p

## ESTRAY

Found running on streets in town of Didsbury and now in pound Holstein cow, 7 years old, bobtail, large, branded V R on right rib; also white faced cow, 7 years old, red, large, branded on left shoulder, and three year old heifer, red, small star, no brand. W. F. Sick, Brand Reader, Didsbury, Alta., Oct. 2nd, 1918. 4tp40

## STRAYED

Black mare, two white hind feet, star on forehead, wire cut left front foot; weight about 1500. Bay colt, yearling, weight about 800, white spot on forehead, small rupture on navel. Information leading to recovery will be paid for by notifying A. R. Bennet, Didsbury. 33p

## IMPOUNDED

One large red cow, about 8 years old, right horn broken off, branded T M on right ribs. Owner can have same by applying to W. F. Sick, Poundkeeper. 4tp44

Is your subscription to the Pioneer paid up?



## THE BRITISH AMBASSADOR GIVES AMERICA'S MESSAGE TO BRITAIN

SUCCESS OF MISSION DUE TO GOODWILL OF U. S.

**Demand For Men Met With Immediate Response — America Will Always Be Entitled to Gratitude, but Would Want Equal Credit Given To France, Britain and Italy**

In his address before the Luncheon Club, which was attended by 300 persons, Lord Reading, after referring to the success of his mission in America as due to the generous good-will of the United States, expressed his thanks for that country's tribute of high admiration for the efforts Great Britain had made in the war and the valor and heroism of her soldiers and sailors, which could only be described as "one of affection and love."

When he first visited America, in 1915, he said, he found the country neutral, but sympathetic. On his second visit he found America at war, and added: "Whenever the history of the war comes to be written as to the part America has played, very high will rank the achievements of the administration and legislature which passed the selective draft."

On his third visit he found that preparations were proceeding with redoubled energy. He declared that the events in the beginning of March had awakened America, and added:

"I shall never be able to give expression to the sympathy shown."

When the demand for men was made, that which seemed an impossible thing became a living thing almost as soon as put forward. At the same time the British found ships, cost what it may, and whatever else might happen America would always be entitled to the gratitude of Great Britain and France, he said.

Lord Reading reminded his audience of the change that had taken place in the situation at the front since America entered the war. No American would want him to say that America did it all, he said, but an American would want him to pay equal credit to the French and the British, and the Italians. He was proud of their valor and heroism, as if they had all been his own soldiers, he declared.

He insisted that America was a nation of idealists, adding: "Too many in the past have been inclined to think Americans materialists, whereas Americans are ready to sacrifice everything for an ideal, provided the cause is noble and just."

He did not believe, he said, that there was any room for criticism of America because she had not entered the war sooner, for the head of the nation did not feel that the time was ripe or was not ready to take the responsibility until the nation had made up its mind. Now that America is in the war, he declared, one or the other of the world ideas must survive.

"We know positively," he said, "that democracy will triumph."

One thing that impressed any visitor to America, continued the Ambassador, was the all-abiding faith in democracy, the unalterable opposition to autocracy, the existence of which, Americans hold, means war.

"No democracy ever sets out to plot for war," he said. "True to the American spirit, once they have entered upon a path there will never be any turning back."

If there was a message he would bring to Britain from America it would be: "America is with you to the end, the only end possible—that is, until victory has been attained."

### Jews Are Robbed And Then Expelled

**Government Rounding Them Up in Hungary and Deporting Them**

Jews for some time past have been rounded up by orders of the government in various parts of Hungary, according to a Budapest report to the Jewish Correspondence Bureau. Streets were barricaded and Jews are dragged to prison. These measures, especially, were directed against the Jews in Galicia from whom large sums of money were taken by the police as a special tax after which they were escorted to the frontier.

In a recent debate in the Hungarian parliament, Premier Wekerle attempted to justify the measures by declaring that he had given orders for the imposition of a special tax on Galician Jews and their expulsion from the country because they were undesirable foreigners.

### No German Taught in Brazil

The German language, as a basic language in the many schools of Santa Catharina, Brazil, has been forbidden, according to advices reaching Washington. The authorities have decided to permit teaching of German in the curriculum, but Portuguese is ordered as the basic language in all schools, public and private. In a single district of Santa Catharina there were before Brazil declared war, 134 German schools, supported in part by many grants from Germany, where nothing but German was spoken.

W. N. U. 1228

## Siberia Still an Unknown Land

**Inhabitants More Independent Than European Russians**

Siberia, roughly speaking, covers an area of about 4,784,034 square miles, and is nearly four times as large as Great Britain and Ireland.

It is a land of vast rivers, and they form in many instances the only means of communication in the interior.

They are generally very deep rivers; the Yenisei, Obi, Titysh, Lena, Amur, and Argun are the most important, and on their waters great fleets of steamers come and go, linking up the old posting station with the great railways, such as the Trans-Siberian, Trans-Baikal, the Chinese Eastern Railway, and the Ussuri Railway.

Much of the travelling to and from places which the railways still do not reach is done by a long train of pack horses, with baggage run on the same lines as the caravan routes in Persia and the desert.

The scenery along the ancient posting roads is magnificent, passing through deep valleys, between high mountains, then up, ever ascending steep mountains, then down again into forest-covered valleys, over rivers wading through marshes into which the horses sink up to their bodies, then through dense vegetation where the air is full of humming insects, over the Steppes, where great herds of horses and cattle wander about as they like. The Tartar keepers round them up occasionally.

There are wonderful old burial mounds by the post roads in Northern Mongolia and the Minusinsk and Achinsk Steppes. They are huge upright slabs of red sandstone, 40 feet on a side and six feet high. Numbers of skeletons have been found in the burial chambers of these prehistoric graveyards, and quaint bronze and copper ornaments have been discovered in them also, dating back to 1,000 or perhaps 2,000 B.C.

There are inland seas and many lakes, the largest of which is Lake Baikal, which means "rich lake." It is the deepest lake in the world, over 6,500 feet in places, and its waters are extraordinarily clear and extremely cold; it abounds with fish.

Siberia, like all Russia, is a land of extremes, the coldest place in the world in winter, and the air very dry, but its short summer is very hot. Melons are grown in the open on the steppes of Minusinsk and Irkutsk, and in some districts barley sown in May is ripe by the end of August.

In Northern Siberia most of the land is covered with forests, which gradually disappear into waste land frozen for the greater part of the year and marshy in parts. In parts an enormous quantity of corn (summer wheat, rye, oats and barley) is raised, and cattle and horse breeding and sheep rearing are other very profitable occupations. Hunting wild animals for their valuable furs is another large trade.

There is an East and West in Russia, a stumbling block and the source of much perplexity, for East and West find it hard to amalgamate. There was never serfdom in Siberia, excepting 8,000 peasants in Western Siberia and 20,000 peasants who belonged to the emperor's mines, so its inhabitants are more independent in spirit than European Russians. To govern all these different races, with their diverse religions and opinions has proved one of the greatest problems of the Russian government.

### Averting a Soap Famine

**All Available Supplies Have Been Requisitioned by Government**

Of all the miseries war has brought upon Germany none has caused louder complaint than the utter disappearance of soap. Glycerine and fats are all necessary in the production of explosives, and every available fraction that formerly went to make soap is requisitioned by the military authorities.

War prisoners there can buy anything with a bit of the soap sent from home. There is no better proof of the success with which the submarine menace has been met than the comparative abundance in British countries not only of edible fat, but of the fats required for the provision of soap and glycerine.

The ministry of food has insisted that no edible fats shall be used for industrial purposes; yet there has been no shortage of soap. The latest development in the organization of the industries deriving their raw materials from oils and fats does not mean that supplies are insufficient to meet all reasonable demands. It simply ensures a proper allocation among soapmakers. Britain's whale fisheries have been of enormous service in the provision of soap-fats.

### 12 Miles an Hour

Jacob German was the first man arrested in New York City for exceeding the speed limit in a motor vehicle. On a bright spring morning in May, 1899, German drove down Lexington avenue at the terrific speed of twelve miles an hour and wound up in a nice cool cell in the police station.

The first successful iron and steel mill in Southern Russia having been established forty years ago by a man named Hughes, one of the largest steel centres in Ukraina bears the name Yuzovka—in his honor.

## CANADA'S POST OFFICE FOR MEN IN FIELD, CAMP AND HOSPITAL

HOW THE OVERSEAS MAIL REACHES OUR SOLDIERS

**Many Carloads Daily are Received for the Canadians — The Mails are Taken to the Trenches Under Cover of Darkness — And Their Arrival is Haired with Delight**

### The Fall of Kerensky

**Vain and Unprincipled and Too Weak for the Big Task**

The fight at Tsarkoe Selo was the end of Kerensky. Known before the revolution as a lawyer of mediocre attainments, his rise to power was the result of the absence from the scene of any strong personality that might have interrupted the spread of the legend from which his gigantic and mushroom popularity was derived.

Vain, weak, hysterical, unprincipled, self-convinced maybe by the catchpenny phrases that were all the core of his eloquence, supporting, condoning or ignoring the worst excesses, the most slavish errors that accompanied the ruin of the army and the dissolution of stable government, he drove the ship of state on to the rocks faster than a man of more apparently criminal character might have done.

Fear of being supplanted by the cadets (the party of the people's liberty) stayed his hand when in July any decent patriot would have put down the Bolsheviks once and for all—a whiff of grapes would have done it; yet greater fear of General Kornilov led him to lie to that true lover of his country and son of the Russian soil and to invent with the aid of Nekrasov and other socialist tutors the legend of his "mutiny" that was the last stroke to the possibility of military efficiency. Fearful alike of being held too moderate and too extreme, without policy or standard, he forfeited the support of every section of the nation and fell an object of scorn or hatred to all.

His last acts, in summoning a company of girls to the defence of the indefensible Winter Palace, whence he himself fled, leaving them to fall into the hands of the sailors from Cronstadt, and in sacrificing the lives of the Junkers in Petrograd by an order to seize the telephone exchange when he must have known that his promise to enter the capital in victory in a few hours was an empty boast, can hardly give him a lower place in history than that which was already his due. Towards Russia and her allies his attitude, in relation to the Maximalists, was that of a decoy who whistles in front of his victims for the actual assassin to come behind and deal the deadly stroke.

In this estimate of Kerensky there is one fact that is not taken into account. It has been remarked that when Lenin was under sentence of arrest, all the efforts of Kerensky did not succeed in finding him; now that Kerensky is under sentence of arrest by Lenin, not all the latter's million hounds can unearth the vanished premier. There are not found wanting those who draw the inference that a closer bond unites the two leaders than either would publicly admit, and that, serving the same masters, neither could afford to hand over the other to justice.—John Pollock in The Nineteenth Century.

### Our Soldiers' Helmets

**Utility Is Questioned by the Mons Veterans**

The "tin hat" or "battle bowl" is by now an accepted part of the "Christmas tree" which the soldier carries about with him.

Some of the old Mons veterans, however, still regard it as an upstart invention of doubtful utility. One struck on the head by shrapnel and saved from instant death by his steel helmet, on coming round, muttered: "Shook me something 'orrible," that did, I never did like them tin 'ats!"

Tommy is an expert in the use of his steel helmet as a saucepan, a seat a washbasin, or a weapon, and it is no uncommon thing to see a couple of eggs merrily boiling in one, minus the lining, over a crimson blazing ground flare.

The French, who first introduced them, evolved a typically French helmet, slightly and chic; so becoming indeed, that it was for a time all the rage among French actresses. Imagine an actress wearing one of our "soup plates!"

The British type, though highly efficient, looks like a rather bad practical joke, while the German type with low neck and ear pieces is a sinister symbol of the Boche cult of "the frightful"—as well as a useful basket pot for geraniums or fuchsias.

Until recently, British Columbia herring was little used except as bait for halibut fishing. During the past season, after experiments, 22,000 cases of herring were packed in various ways, such as kippers and in tomato sauce and oil.

The saints may have the best of it hereafter, but the sinners think that they had the more fun here on earth.

All mails for the Canadian expeditionary forces that are on active service at the front, whether posted in the British Isles or received from Canada are at once forwarded to the vast army post office in London, and are immediately transferred to the Canadian section. Here the mails are sorted out for the different Canadian formations in England and France, the work being of a difficult and important nature. Insufficiently addressed matter, of which an enormous quantity is received, is intercepted and diverted to the postal section of the Canadian record office, where the addresses are corrected and supplemented with the aid of the records by a detail of the Canadian Postal corps. The Canadian section of the home depot makes up bags for every large unit in the Canadian expeditionary forces—no small task, taking into consideration the number of Canadians now in the field. These bags are labelled, sealed and sent through intact to the mail orderly of the unit for which the contents are intended.

Mails for Canadians at the front are despatched from London daily, arriving at a certain French port between noon and 4 p.m. Mails for Canadian corps, divisional and brigade headquarters are here intercepted and immediately despatched by motor lorry to the Canadian corps headquarters field post office, from which delivery is effected to the various headquarters in the field on the same evening. This is known as an express bag despatch and provides an accelerated service for important official correspondence by supply train, which leaves the port about midnight of the day of receipt and arrives at the divisional railroad, about four miles from the trenches, early next morning. An enormous weight of mail—many train carloads daily—is received for the Canadian army corps.

The unloading of the mail trucks is effected by what is known as "supply column postal details," each of which consists of a corporal and two men of the Canadian postal corps. Each divisional supply column has its postal detail, the non-commissioned officer in charge of which is responsible for the correct circulation of the mail bags for all its units in his division. On arrival of the supply train at railroad this detail transfers the bags for its division to motor lorries, two of which are set apart for the use of each supply column postal detachment. On completion of the unloading the bags are taken out to the field, a postal corps man accompanying each lorry and receiving a discharge for the mails at the field post office to which he delivers them.

Each unit in the field has an authorized mail orderly, who calls daily at the field post office from which his unit is served. This orderly gives a discharge to the N.C.O. in charge of the field post office for every bag of mail received.

An infantry battalion receives some dozen bags of mail daily, and it is therefore necessary for the larger units to detail a limber or wagon for hauling the mails to the mail orderly's office, usually situated in the unit's transport lines, and frequently taking the form of a ruined barn, or, in the absence of other shelter, a tent. Here the mail orderly opens his bags and sorts the mails into "companies," "sections," etc., each regimental detail having its authorized N.C.O., who takes over all letters and parcels addressed to the officers and men of his detail.

The mails are conducted to the trenches under cover of darkness by means of the ration limbers, which proceed to within a few hundred yards of the front line. Here their arrival is awaited by men detailed from the ration parties, who carry the mails into the trenches. The mails are, as a general rule, taken into the company commander's dugout, where they are again sorted out for the various platoons. The arrival of the mails in the trenches is hailed with delight by all ranks, from the colonel to the latest draft man.

### Rat and Napoleon's Heart

When that unhappy slave of ambition, the kaiser endeavors to emulate, Napoleon Bonaparte, died at St. Helena, an English physician took charge of his heart, depositing it in a silver basin filled with water. Two tapers burned near it, but the custodian felt nervously anxious while watching it through the night, and did not sleep. In the silence of midnight he heard a rustling sound, then a plunge into the water, and a rebound on the floor—all occurring with the quickness of thought. He sprang from his bed to see an enormous rat dragging the precious relic to his hole! A moment more and the heart which had been too vast in its ambition to be satisfied with the sovereignty of continental Europe, would have been more degraded than the dust of Imperial Caesar.



## A Fight for Life

It has been fight or die for many of us in the past and the lucky people are those who have suffered, but who are now well because they heeded nature's warning signal in time to correct their trouble with that wonderful new discovery of Dr. Pierce's, called "Anuric." You should promptly heed these warnings, some of which are dizzy spells, backache, irregularity of the urine or the painful twinges of rheumatism, sciatica or lumbago. To delay may make possible the dangerous forms of kidney disease, such as diabetes or stone in bladder.

To overcome these distressing conditions take plenty of exercise in the open air, avoid a heavy meat diet, drink freely of water and at each meal take Anuric (double strength). You will, in a short time, find that you are one of the firm indorsers of Anuric.

Hamilton, Ont.—"For kidney ailments I have never known any medicine to equal Anuric. When I started to take it I was very miserable with lame back, pains in the cords of my neck and shoulders and all over my body. The water was high colored and offensive. All of these conditions left me



after one week's use of Anuric and I consider it to be the greatest of all kidney medicines."—Mrs. JENNIE CLARK, 79 Queen St. So.

Toronto, Ont.—"My husband suffered severely with pains in his back for three or four weeks. He commenced to take Anuric and in three or four days he not only looked better, but remarked that his back felt much better, and now he says that his pain has all gone. It is with pleasure that we recommend Anuric."—Mrs. MARY RYAN, 54 Serton St.

## Carmen's Messenger

— BY —

HAROLD BINDLOSS

WARD, LOCK & CO., LIMITED  
London, Melbourne, and Toronto

(Continued.)

It looked as if the person outside had been knocking for some time, and the landlord's curiosity might have been excited had he heard that his guest had barricaded his door. Dressing by gaslight, he found breakfast ready when he went down, and day broke soon after the meal was over. Foster paid his bill and set off with Pete, taking the main road west until they reached the end of the village, where some men were working in a colliery bank. Pete indicated a lane that branched off to the north.

"Yon's our way, but I'm thinking we'll gang straight on for a bit."

They followed the main road until the men were out of sight, and then, crossing some fields, turned into the lane they had passed, which rose steadily to higher ground. After a time they found another road running straight towards the west. This was the old military road, made when the Romans built the Piet's wall, and long afterwards repaired by General Wade, who tried to move his troops across to intercept Prince Charlie's march. Foster sat down for a few minutes at the corner and looked back at the distant chimney stacks and trails of smoke.

The railway and the road by which the main traffic went, followed the valley of the Tyne, but the military road kept to the edge of the bleak moors. He gathered from the map that it was, for the most part, lonely, and thought Graham would expect him to go by train; the latter probably knew enough about him to anticipate his making for Liddesdale, and as there were not many trains running north from Hexham, would reckon on his travelling by Carlisle. If this was so, and he was being looked for, his pursuers would now be in front of him instead of behind, and he saw some advantage in keeping them there. Still he must not lose much time in finding Daly; for one thing, it would be awkward if the police arrested him while he had the checks in his pocket. For all that, he meant to visit the Garth, tell Alice he had been successful, ask if she had news of Lawrence, and try to overcome Featherstone's suspicions. Then, if Lawrence had not written yet, he must go back to Canada as soon as he had seen Daly.

Beyond this Foster's plans were vague; he did not know, for example, how he could force Daly to keep Lawrence's secret without promising to withhold evidence that would bring

the man to justice. But he might find a way and was tired of puzzling about the matter. In a sense, he had taken a ridiculous line from the beginning and perhaps involved himself in needless difficulties. His partner, however, must be protected, and in the meantime he had two objects: to avoid the police and Graham.

"Perhaps we had better keep the military road until we strike the North Tyne," he said to Pete. "Then, if nothing turns up to prevent it, we might risk stopping for the night at Hexham."

Having the day before them, they set off at a leisurely pace. The air was cold but still, and bright sunshine shone upon the tableland, which rolled north, rising steadily towards distant snow-streaked hills. Nothing suspicious happened, and late in the afternoon they came down into the valley of the North Tyne and turned south for Hexham. As they did so they passed an inn and Foster stopped. They were some distance from Hexham and he felt hungry, while the inn looked unusually comfortable. He was tempted to go in and order a meal, but hesitated, for no very obvious reason.

"We'll wait and get dinner when we make Hexham," he said, setting off again.

A thin wood, separated from the road by a low fence, ran between them and the river. The light was faint among the trees, and the road narrow, and presently they heard a car coming towards them. It was going very fast and when it lurched across an opening in the hedge round a bend Foster put his hand on the fence and swung himself over. Pete followed silently, but when they stood in the shadow among the dry undergrowth Foster felt annoyed because he had yielded to a half instinctive impulse. He must, of course, be cautious, but there was no reason for overdoing it.

Next moment, the car, which swung towards the fence as it took the curve, dashed past, and Foster set his lips as he saw Graham, who seemed to be gazing up the road. Then the car vanished among the trees, and Pete looked at him curiously.

"Is yon the man frae Newcastle?" he asked.

"Yes," said Foster grimly; "I rather think we were just in time. It's very possible that he'd have run over me if I'd been in the road. An accident of that kind would have suited him well. But I thought I was a fool for jumping."

Pete nodded. "I ken! When ye feel ye must do a thing, it's better to just do it and think afterwards." Then he raised his hand. She's stopping!"

The throb of the engine suddenly slackened, as if the driver had seen the inn, and Foster got over the fence.

"It's lucky we didn't stop for a meal; but, although it may be risky, I'm going back."

They kept along the side of the road, where the ground was soft, but Foster was ready to jump the fence if the car returned; the noise would give him warning enough. After a few minutes they stopped and waited in the gloom of a hedge, where they could see the inn. The car stood in the road and it was empty. Graham had obviously gone in to make inquiries, and Foster wondered whether anybody had seen him and his companion pass. He would know when Graham came out, and moved a few yards farther until he reached a gate, which he opened, ready to slip through. There was no need to warn Pete now, the latter understood matters. One could trust a poacher to hide himself quickly.

Foster felt some strain. It was disturbing to find Graham already on his track and he wondered whether the fellow had been to Carlisle. It would be awkward if he went to Hexham. After a few minutes two men came out of the inn and Foster waited anxiously while one cranked the car, but they drove on when the man jumped in. Then, as he was turning round, the throb of the engine stopped again and he beckoned Pete.

"They don't know you and it's getting dark. Go on and see which way they take."

He kept close to the gate when Pete vanished. The car had stopped where the military road cut across another that followed the river into the moors, and Graham apparently did not know which way to go. It looked as if the fellow had ascertained that he was not at Hexham. After a time he heard the car start. It was not coming back, but he could not tell which way it went, and waited in the gathering dark for Pete's return.

(To Be Continued.)

### Even Devil Fish Blushes

The octopus frequently changes in color, as if it were a marine chameleon. It would appear from recent studies of this creature, that the colored pigment whereby this change in color is effected is contained in envelope in its skin, in the tissue of which are muscular fibres actuated by nerves. Should these fibres become relaxed, a dark pigment appears. The phenomenon is said to be analogous to blushing. If the octopus is as wicked as Victor Hugo and other writers painted him, he ought to blush!

If a German could blush, black would be the color we should expect him to turn also.

# FREE

## THIS IS FREE PALMOLIVE WEEK for every user of this famous soap.

The week in which you buy one cake at the regular price, and secure another full sized cake absolutely free by presenting the coupon which appears below.

Every dealer who sells soap is acting as our agent, in this great free offer. Each will accept the coupon in exchange for a cake of Palmolive provided you buy another cake of Palmolive at the same time.

With all soap selling at war-time prices, this gift will be doubly appreciated—act now, while the supply holds out. Tear out the coupon, sign it and take it to your dealer at once. Don't risk losing your free cake of

# PALMOLIVE SOAP

No need to tell you how good Palmolive is. How its smooth, creamy lather is considered the greatest of all toilet luxuries.

Make this your introduction to the luxury you have been missing if you don't already use Palmolive—

Palmolive contains Nature's greatest cleansing agents—the Palm and Olive Oils prized since history began as the greatest of all toilet luxuries. Its delicate Oriental perfume adds to the pleasure of its use. Its lasting qualities make it the economy soap.

### If You Present This Coupon



#### (83) FREE SOAP COUPON

This coupon will be accepted (if presented within thirty days) as full payment for one cake of Palmolive Soap when the holder purchases another cake at the regular price of 15c (two for 25c.)

Only one coupon may be presented by each family and the name and address of the party receiving the free Palmolive Soap must be signed in full to the following:

I hereby certify that I have this day purchased one cake of Palmolive Soap from my dealer and received one cake Palmolive Soap Free.

Name .....

Address .....

NOTICE TO DEALERS: We will replace the soap given with this coupon only under the following conditions: Coupon must be returned direct to the Palmolive Company Limited, Toronto, Ont. It must bear the full name and address and be signed by the party receiving the soap. We positively will refuse to redeem coupons not from newspapers purchased by dealers.

**MURINE Granulated Eyelids,**  
Sore Eyes, Eyes Inflamed by Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine. Try it in your Eyes and in Baby's Eyes.  
**YOUR EYES No Smarting, Just Eye Comfort**  
Murine Eye Remedy At Your Druggist's or by mail, 50c per bottle. Murine Eye Salve, in Tubes 25c. For Bulk of the Eye—Free. Ask Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago



# War Efficiency and National Prosperity

More than a billion and a half dollars distributed in Canada for exported agricultural produce and the products of labor in the fiscal year ending March 31, 1918, has kept Canada busy and prosperous in spite of the war.

CANADA'S production in such enormous quantities was made possible only by the money received through Canada's War Loans. Canada thus was enabled to assist the Allies in their purchases here by establishing financial credits for their use in this country.

CANADA'S war loans not only have sustained Canada's war effort, but they have kept the wheels of production turning as they never turned before.

This is the flood of cash which poured in to Canada's farms for their exports in the fiscal year 1918, for:—

Butter.....	\$ 2,000,000
Cheese.....	36,602,000
Eggs.....	2,271,000
Oats.....	37,644,000
Wheat.....	366,341,000
Flour.....	95,896,000
Meats.....	76,729,000
Vegetables.....	19,034,000

Over six hundred and thirty-six million dollars for exported farm products alone!

★ ★ ★  
AND the workers of Canada also shared greatly in Canada's export trade.

For their products there was distributed in Canada, during the year:

Munitions.....	\$450,000,000
Metals.....	92,083,000
Vehicles.....	22,776,000
Wood Pulp and Paper..	59,599,000

These huge sums were spent in Canada by the Allies.

Canada's own war expenditure for the fiscal year 1918 was \$342,762,000.

And the bulk of all these expenditures, the foundation of Canada's prosperity and war effectiveness, was made possible only because the subscribers to Canada's war loans furnished the working capital.

★ ★ ★

CANADA must keep this great work going—must produce as never before; must work, fight, save and lend as she has never yet done to bring victory and a lasting peace to a war-ridden world.

But Canada to-day (thanks to her great export trade), is in a better position now than ever, to carry on.

The Victory Loan 1918 will keep Canada busy, will enable her to maintain her great export business; and it will make Canada more efficient than ever, because her prosperity will not be diminished and her determination to work, fight and win will be stronger than it has ever been before.

## Get Ready Now to Buy Victory Bonds

Issued by Canada's Victory Loan Committee  
in Co-operation with the Minister of Finance  
of the Dominion of Canada.

### SOME INTERESTING FACTS ABOUT INFLUENZA

(Continued from page 6)

for influenza, yet there are many drugs which play a useful part in relieving it, such as quinine, aspirin and various tonics, anti-neuralgic, antiseptic and heart medicines, to be prescribed by the physician in charge.

The dietetic rules which apply to any fever apply equally to influenza. Liquid foods at first, solids a little later on in a gradually ascending scale from lightly boiled fresh eggs to chicken, roast joints, etc. Water, cold or hot, may be sipped or "egg water" may be given. This excellent dish is prepared by blending with a pint of cold water, the whipped whites of from 2 to 4 eggs flavored with salt or cinnamon. Then the animal broths may be given. There are many cases in which even the slightest foods are spurned with loathing and common sense must be used in adapting diet to the particular case in hand.

#### PRECAUTIONS AGAINST INFLUENZA

1. The sick should be separated from the healthy. This is especially important in the case of first attacks in the household.

2. Discharges from the nose and mouth should not be allowed to get dry on a pocket handkerchief or inside the house, office or factory. They should at once be collected in paper or clean rags and burned. If this cannot be done, they should be dropped into a vessel containing water.

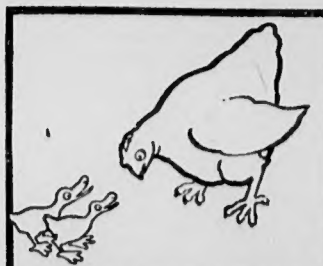
3. Infected articles and rooms should be cleansed and disinfected. Use disinfectants everywhere. Wash the hands frequently.

4. Those attacked should not, on any account, mingle with other people for at least a period of ten days from the commencement of the attack. In severe cases they should remain away from work for a longer period.

5. Special attention should be given to cleanliness and ventilation. Warm clothing should be worn, the feet should be kept dry and all unnecessary exposure avoided.

### Mrs. Fulton Dies Suddenly of Heart Disease

The death of Mrs. James Fulton who came to Didsbury last spring with her daughter Mrs. A. C. Biggar and who is living on the Gate-man farm east of town, occurred suddenly on Thursday last. Mrs. Fulton had retired to rest as usual on Thursday evening and after a short time the family heard some unusual noise and upon investigation found Mrs. Fulton in a sinking condition in her bedroom, but before medical aid could be summoned she passed away, heart disease being the cause of death. The body was taken to Maple Creek for interment beside her husband who died there.



#### ADOPT THEM

Adopt the use of Classified Want Ads. They have proved money makers for others. They are appreciated by the buyer, as they enable him to quickly locate the place where he can find his requirements. Will he find your business represented?

Copyright 1918 by S. W. Sullivan

## Make your dollars work--- Buy Victory Bonds



## Face An Awful Sight Healed By Cuticura

Rough and Itchy With Eczema. Came in Pimples and Blisters. Kept From Sleeping.

"My face got rough and itchy, and I was told I had eczema. It came in pimples, then water blisters, and my skin was sore and red. My face itched and I had to scratch, and it kept me from sleeping. The skin was dry and scaly, and would bleed. My face was an awful sight.

"I saw an advertisement for Cuticura Soap and Ointment and I sent for a free sample. I afterwards bought more, and it was not over a week when I was completely healed." (Signed) Miss Annie Forgue, Alderson, Alta., Aug. 28, 1917.

If your skin is already healthy and clear keep it so by using Cuticura Soap for toilet purposes assisted by touches of Cuticura Ointment to soothe and heal any tendency to irritation, redness or roughness of the skin or scalp.

For Free Sample Each by Mail address post-card: "Cuticura, Dept. A, Boston, U.S.A." Sold everywhere.

## 1,000 Awards Of Victoria Cross

Number of Times Won Since Decoration Instituted—200 in Present War

One thousand Victoria Crosses have been awarded since the decoration was instituted by Queen Victoria at the time of the Indian Mutiny, when 182 Crosses were awarded. In the Crimean War 111 Victoria Crosses were won; in the South African War, 78; in the Zulu War, 23, and in the Afghan War, 16.

Nearly 200 were awarded in the present war up to September, 1916, and the thousandth on the roll was obtained by Driver Dalziel, an Australian.

It is calculated that not more than half the recipients of the honor during the last four years are now alive.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and for years it was supposed to be incurable. Doctors prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional remedy, is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. One bottle cures. Hall's Catarrh Cure is sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

### Inventor of Torpedo

Robert Whitehead, inventor of the Whitehead torpedo, was an Englishman, from Bolton-le-Moors, in Lancashire. He was born in 1823, and died in 1905. Going to Italy, he set up for himself as an engineer at Milan. He then went to Austria, settling at Trieste in 1848, and at Fiume in 1856. At Fiume his first torpedo was invented in 1866. It was adopted for use in the Austrian navy in 1868. The British admiralty accepted it in 1871. Whitehead started a branch of his works in England, at Weymouth, in 1890.

The Portuguese language is spoken by about 25,000,000 people at home and abroad. It is the language of Brazil, as well as of Portugal.

## THIS WEAK, NERVOUS MOTHER

Tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Restored Her Health.

Philadelphia, Pa.—"I was very weak, always tired, my back ached, and I felt sickly most of the time. I went to a doctor and he said I had nervous indigestion, which added to my weak condition kept me worrying most of the time—and he said if I could not stop that, I could not get well. I heard so much about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound that I wanted me to try it. I took it for a week and felt a little better. I kept it for three months, and I feel fine and can eat anything now without distress."—Mrs. J. WORTHLINE, 2342 North Taylor St., Philadelphia.

The majority of mothers nowadays overdo, there are so many demands upon their time and strength; the result is invariably a weakened, run-down, nervous condition with headaches, back-ache, irritability and depression—and soon more serious ailments develop. It is at such periods in life that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will restore a normal healthy condition, as it did to Mrs. Worthline.

W. N. U. 1228

## The First Thanksgiving Day

Kept by the People of Boston in 1632

It was in the early summer of 1632 that Gov. Winthrop, of the Colony of Massachusetts Bay, made the first public proclamation for a day of thanksgiving. In a letter to Gov. Bradford, of Plymouth Colony, he related the good news just received from England as the occasion for observing such a day, and invited the neighboring colony to unite with the people under his own jurisdiction in the celebration of it. As the good news related as much to the Plymouth people as to the people of Boston, and as Winthrop's words: "I doubt not but you will consider if it be not fit for you to join it," expressed confidence in the action of Plymouth, it may be presumed, although we can find no distinct record of the fact, that the day was observed in common by the two colonies. At any rate the Boston people kept the day on the 19th of June, 1632, as we learn from the journal of Winthrop. Thus the example of a day of thanksgiving was first set, which has since been followed by so many of the commonwealths of the United States, and at last by the nation itself.

## SAVE THE CHILDREN

Mothers who keep a box of Baby's Own Tablets in the house may feel that the lives of the little ones are reasonably safe during the hot weather. Stomach troubles, cholera infantum and diarrhoea carry off thousands of little ones every summer. In most cases because the mother does not have a safe medicine at hand to give promptly. Baby's Own Tablets cure these troubles, or if given occasionally to the well child will prevent their coming on. The Tablets are guaranteed by a government analyst to be absolutely harmless even to the newborn babe. They are especially good in summer because they regulate the bowels and keep the stomach sweet and pure. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

### Ice Barrier Blocks North Passage

Great ice floes drifting from the Arctic have formed a barrier hundreds of miles in extent in front of Point Barrow, the tip of the American continent, according to advices received from the north. The annual supply ship, with a cargo for the farthest north public school in the world, and the little missionary station, the settlement composed of fur traders, whalers and Eskimos, has been forced to turn back.

The vessel landed her shipments 100 miles from Point Barrow and it will be necessary to deliver the cargo in skin boats manned by hardy natives if the little settlement is to receive supplies from the outside this year.

## LIFTS OFF ANY CORN WITHOUT PAIN

Once you get a few drops of Putnam's Extractor on a sore corn, you realize what a boob you've been to wait so long before using the one painless and sure corn remedy.

Putnam's shrivels up a corn mighty quick; peels it right off the toe, acts entirely without pain, and never fails even on the oldest and toughest of corns. For a real cure get Putnam's costs but a quarter at the druggist.

## Contradicts Popular Belief

Opened Can Foods Not Harmful After All?

The popular belief that canned foods will spoil and even be dangerous if left in the tin after opening has been made the subject of a technical investigation, the results of which are reported in the American Food Journal.

Canned milk is usually kept in the tin until used up, sometimes for days, and shows no deterioration, and the result of laboratory tests demonstrated that a tin can differs little from a tin dish for keeping such foods, so far as wholesomeness is concerned.

Cans of tomatoes, corn, string beans, sauerkraut, apples, pineapple, and pumpkin were opened and allowed to stand from one to three days, when the contents were examined chemically for increased acidity and the presence of tin and iron, as well as taste and odor. The increase in acidity was very slight in most cases, and the amounts of tin and iron infinitesimal, while taste and odor were in most cases normal.

The investigator concludes that on general principles keeping canned foods in open tins is not good house-keeping, because the can with its jagged edge is not an attractive dish, and food emptied into another dish can be kept to better advantage in cupboard and refrigerator. So far as wholesomeness is concerned, however, keeping such food in the cans in which they are originally packed, after opening is not harmful in any way, he concludes.

But it is far wiser never to leave foods in open metal containers, nor indeed to allow cooked foods to remain exposed to the germ-laden air under any consideration.

## How Sickly Women May Get Health

If they could only be made to see that half their ills are caused by impure blood, it wouldn't take long to cure them with Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Truly a wonderful medicine that invigorates, strengthens, renews. Every tired, worn out woman that tries Dr. Hamilton's Pills will improve rapidly, will have better color, increased appetite and better digestion.

No better rebuilding tonic can be found than Dr. Hamilton's Pills which are safe, mild and health giving. For forty years Dr. Hamilton's Pills have been America's most valued family medicine, 25c per box at all dealers.

## Army Bakeshops

Eleven Million Loaves are Turned Out Every Week

A correspondent writes from France: About six baker shops turn out the bread for the British army in France. I was in one of them yesterday. Before the war, it was a German juke mill. It has not been deemed advisable to introduce machinery—the floors would not stand the strain.

Under the guidance of the master baker, I followed the flour of the British army through all the stages of labor and transformation, from the time it leaves the railway siding just outside, until it returns there in the shape of bread. The only piece of machinery I saw was an escalator sort of thing on which the sacks of flour were raised to various floors above.

At each landing place, Chinese laborers removed and carried it, two sacks at a time (160 lbs.) to the mixing rooms, where British Tommies, Australian, and United States soldiers were doing the baking, while Chinamen carried the flour over the floors to the mixers.

No matter how deep-rooted the corn or wart may be, it must yield to Holloway's Corn Cure if used as directed.

### Reindeer for Far North of Provinces

The granting of permits for free grazing privileges for reindeer in an area of 76,000 square miles in the far northern part of Manitoba and Saskatchewan is under consideration by the Dominion government of Canada. These far northern areas are said to be exceptionally suited for reindeer, besides increasing Canada's meat supply, the cultivation of reindeer herds would provide means of transportation which would tend to an effective exploration of inaccessible parts of the country.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

### Canada's Coal Supply

The only source from which Canada can now obtain coal to supplement its own as yet inadequate production is the United States, which country exported to Canada last year more than 17,000,000 tons, of which one-fourth was anthracite for domestic use. How great is Canada's dependence upon the American coal mines may be learned from the fact that in 1916 the total production of coal in the Dominion was only 14,461,000 tons, of which Nova Scotia accounted for 6,894,000 tons, Alberta 4,563,000 tons, and British Columbia 2,582,000 tons. Nearly all the anthracite coal used in Eastern Canada is drawn from the United States.



YOUR good intentions don't pay the grocers' bills. Your family has to live even if you don't. Secure a Monthly Income Policy now. Write for pamphlet to-day.

**THE EXCELSIOR LIFE INSURANCE CO.**  
WINNIPEG SASKATOON EDMONTON VANCOUVER  
(Agents Wanted in Unrepresented Districts)

## ONTARIO VETERINARY COLLEGE

Under the Control of the Department of Agriculture of Ontario. Established 1862. Affiliated with the University of Toronto. College will Reopen on Tuesday, the 1st of October, 1918. 110 University Ave. Toronto, Can. Calendar on Application. E. A. A. GRANGE, V.S., M.S., PRINCIPAL.

### The Value of Cotton

The United States people are being instructed by their government of the need for economizing cotton by the following telling statistics: A 12-inch gun disposes of half a bale of cotton with every shot fired. A machine gun in operation will use up a bale in three months. In a naval battle, like the one off Jutland, from five to six thousand pounds a minute are consumed by each active warship. It takes more than 20,000 bales a year to provide absorbent cotton to staunch and bind the wounds of the injured. One change of apparel for all the troops now engaged in the war represents more than a million bales. The U.S.A. is now turning a million bales a year into explosives.

Oil for Toothache.—There is no pain so acute and distressing as toothache. When you have so uncomfortable a visitor apply Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil according to directions and you will find immediate relief. It touches the nerve with soothing effect and the pain departs at once. That it will ease toothache is another fine quality of this Oil, showing the many uses it has.

### Sockeye Salmon for Fighters

The entire pack of sockeye salmon of Alaska will be taken over by the government, and 75 per cent. of all salmon packed this year in the United States will go to the same buyer. The public's share will in consequence be very small, but the boys need it over there more than we do over here.—Buffalo Express.

Asthma Brings Misery, but Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy will replace the misery with welcome relief. Inhaled as smoke or vapor it reaches the very inmost recesses of the bronchial passages and soothes them. Restriction passes and easy breathing returns. If you knew as well how this remedy would help you as do thousands of grateful users, there would be a package in your home tonight. Try it.

### An Athletic Clergyman

This is an actual fact. The wife of a clergyman warned him as he went off to officiate at a funeral one rainy day: "Now, John, don't stand with your bare head on the damp ground."—Kingston Standard.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

### Glass Known to Ancient Romans

Recent discoveries in the ruins of Pompeii prove that the ancient Romans used window glass; but for centuries the houses of our ancestors were without window glass, the place of which was frequently supplied with waxed linen or oiled paper. At the end of the last century there were still men whose occupation it was to paste oiled paper into window sashes. Horn was also used as a substitute for glass.

### Rain Never Falls

There are parts of Egypt in which rain never falls; other places where it falls lightly about once in four years; and there are two great rainless districts of two or three millions of square miles, the one including the north of Africa and the other Mongolia and its neighborhood.

### MONEY ORDERS

Send a Dominion Express Money Order. They are payable everywhere.

The Heart of a Piano is the action. Insist on the Otto Higel Piano Action

**THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY, No. 1, No. 2, No. 3, No. 4, No. 5, No. 6, No. 7, No. 8, No. 9, No. 10, No. 11, No. 12, No. 13, No. 14, No. 15, No. 16, No. 17, No. 18, No. 19, No. 20, No. 21, No. 22, No. 23, No. 24, No. 25, No. 26, No. 27, No. 28, No. 29, No. 30, No. 31, No. 32, No. 33, No. 34, No. 35, No. 36, No. 37, No. 38, No. 39, No. 40, No. 41, No. 42, No. 43, No. 44, No. 45, No. 46, No. 47, No. 48, No. 49, No. 50, No. 51, No. 52, No. 53, No. 54, No. 55, No. 56, No. 57, No. 58, No. 59, No. 60, No. 61, No. 62, No. 63, No. 64, No. 65, No. 66, No. 67, No. 68, No. 69, No. 70, No. 71, No. 72, No. 73, No. 74, No. 75, No. 76, No. 77, No. 78, No. 79, No. 80, No. 81, No. 82, No. 83, No. 84, No. 85, No. 86, No. 87, No. 88, No. 89, No. 90, No. 91, No. 92, No. 93, No. 94, No. 95, No. 96, No. 97, No. 98, No. 99, No. 100.**

**Wood's Phosphodina**  
The Great English Remedy. Tonic and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new blood in old veins, cures nervous debility, mental and brain worry, depression, loss of energy, palpitation of the heart, failing memory. Price \$1 per box, six for \$5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of \$5. New sample mailed free. THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Williams.)

Minimize The Fire Peril By Using

## EDDY'S

Chemically Self-Extinguishing

"Silent 500s"

The Matches With "No Afterglow"

EDDY is the only Canadian maker of these matches, every stick of which has been treated with a chemical solution which positively ensures the match becoming dead wood once it has been lighted and blown out.

Look for the words "Chemically self-extinguishing" on the box.

## Wrap Soldiers' Parcels in PARA-SANI

Heavy, waxed paper in House-hold Rolls with handsome oak Roller-Box. Every article for overseas should be carefully wrapped in Para-Sani to insure delivery in good condition.

Put an extra wrapping of Para-Sani around the package before putting it in the final covering. Eats and smokes will arrive as fresh as when shipped, if wrapped in Para-Sani.

Use Para-Sani at home for keeping food fresh.

Para-Sani will save many times its cost by preventing waste.

Para-Sani sent prepaid on receipt of price or C.O.D.

1 lb. Roll with Roller Box..... \$2.50  
1 lb. Roll without Roller Box..... 2.20  
1 lb. Roll without Box..... 1.60  
1 lb. Roll without Box..... 1.30  
1 lb. Roll without Box..... .90

Appleford Counter Check Book Co., Ltd.  
175 McDermot Ave. East  
Winnipeg, Manitoba





### Fallen Timber District Makes Big Success of Red Cross Dance

The Fallen Timber district held a very successful Red Cross dance on October 18th in the schoolhouse. The affair was under the management of Mrs. G. Wilson, Mrs. W. H. McFarlane and Mr. Geo. Garner, who are to be congratulated on providing a splendid time. A box social was also held with the dance and the splendid sum of \$62.85 was received. A quilt donated by Mrs. J. N. Wilkinson and daughter of Big Prairie was also auctioned off and brought in \$48.00 for the Red Cross. No expenses were charged and everything was donated free. Kyle Oliver and Billy Brown supplied the music also free of charge, and Jim May made a very "efficient" auctioneer.

### RED CROSS BULLETIN

The Red Cross Society beg to acknowledge with thanks the following donation with thanks:

A. C. Neufeld ..... \$15.00

### Your 5-Hundred Dollar Victory Bond will:

Buy 63 blankets, or  
500 overseas caps, or,  
Steel helmets for a company  
of infantry, or,  
3 cases surgical instruments, or,  
100 gas masks, or,  
1,000 lbs. of T. N. T.

### Cutting Your Meat Bill

in two wouldn't afford you as much satisfaction as cutting into one of the

### Juicy Steaks

we sell. We don't promise you cheap meats, but we do sell choice cuts of fine fresh quality meats. Try patronizing us for satisfaction.

**N. A. COOK, Butcher** LEUSZLER BLOCK  
TELEPHONE 127

### A well known English Actress and a Canadian Officer

were discussing the war situation on the Western front. Both in their different spheres had seen the smoke of battle and observed the heroism of the Allied Armies "over there."

### Said the Actress:

"What a wonderful sight to see the mail being distributed in the various camps behind the lines. The keen anticipation of every one of those brave fellows, especially at Christmas time and the looks registered on their faces. The difference between those who eagerly open their correspondence and those who are not fortunate enough to be remembered. I pitied the latter, I really did. I am sure that if the Canadian public fully realized what it means to these boys, not one solitary member of the Expeditionary Force would be overlooked this coming Christmas."

### A Christmas Message

in the form of a Personal Greeting Card costs little, but means so much to the recipient.

Your relatives and friends will not be forgotten, but don't overlook the other fellow, even though you know him by name only. He will especially appreciate your thoughtfulness and carry your message with him.

### A Special Correspondent in France says:

"Cheer up the boys over here. A message with a touch of heart in it, does a great deal. Send him a message as often as possible, especially at Christmas."

### Ask to see Mutual Series of Personal Greeting Cards

They are inexpensive, but carry the sentiments you wish to convey in a neat and attractive form.

### The DIDSBURY PIONEER

### Women Volunteer Nurses Wanted

There are some cases where whole families in town are down with influenza and have no one to attend to them, which is a serious matter.

The Board of Health calls upon all young women or married women without children to volunteer their services for this work for which reasonable remuneration will be given.

If these ladies will kindly telephone No. 12 (Pioneer Office) and state what help they can give it will be greatly appreciated.

### AROUND THE TOWN

The person who refuses to wear a mask may be fined as much as \$50.

Better sacrifice to save than to save to sacrifice—Buy Victory Bonds.

Business is at a standstill in Didsbury owing to the flu. Only the absolute necessities of life are being purchased.

Under instructions from the Provincial Health department, Edmonton, all public sales are called off until further notice.

The Red Deer election plainly shows that we need some law to enforce a close season on Cabinet ministers at election times.

Calgary has over 5,000 cases of influenza and they are opening the schools as temporary hospitals and calling for volunteer nurses.

Dr. Clarke is the Medical officer of Health for the south half of the Westerdale Municipality. All contagious diseases in this district must be reported to him.

There are only three things you must do at the present time. Fight the influenza, pray for divine help, and buy what you can of Victory Bonds.

The provincial bye-election held in the Red Deer constituency on Monday resulted in Gaetz the government candidate defeating Galbraith independent Liberal candidate. Nearly all the Alberta cabinet ministers took a part in defeating any independent spirit that might arise.

Remember—You are not giving something for sweet charity's sake when you buy a Victory bond. You get 5-1-2 per cent. interest for your loan without paying taxes on it besides laying away a nest egg for yourself.

The U. S. went over the top of their \$6,000,000,000 Liberty loan recently. Canada should and must do as well in proportion if it wishes continued prosperity. It's up to us. No other nation is in a position to lend us the money.

Mrs. H. E. Osmond, President of the Red Cross Society, wishes to announce to all workers that no more work will be given out until further notice on account of the influenza.

The two town doctors are mighty busy men these days, on the go night and day. If the official town organizations would back them up with some kind of a system of relief in town it would help them a lot. One member of the Board of Health, Mr. E. Morrison, deserves a great deal of credit for the interest he has shown in this work, but one man cannot do it alone.

In the recent Red Cross financial statement published two weeks ago Rebekah Lodge, I. O. O. F., was credited with the sum of \$22.25. This should have read Order of the Eastern Star and Rebekah Lodge. The amount was the total subscribed by both Lodges.

The Victory Loan canvassers are on the job. Be ready for them when they call with your mind made up to loan every cent you can to your country. This will save the time of the canvassers, who are busy men, and will ease your own mind on the matter.

### Keep Up Our Prosperity

The Victory Loan is a vital factor in the creation and continuance of our prosperity. The great bulk of our chief products are bought by Great Britain for the use of her civilian population at home and her armies in the field. She buys the salmon catch of the Pacific, she buys the exportable surplus of the wheat of the western prairies and of the flour manufactured from it. She buys the cheese of the eastern dairy farmer. She buys the output of the hundreds of munition plants of Canada which, in turn, take the product of our great steel plants. This means the employment of tens of thousands of operatives. How does Great Britain pay for all these products? For the greater part the Dominion Government furnishes her with the money. Where do we get the money with which to supply her? From our Victory Loans."—Sir Thomas White.

### CARD OF THANKS

The undersigned wish to sincerely thank all the neighbors and friends who so kindly assisted them by their sympathy and assistance during the recent illness in the family and also at the death of Hilda Doris Nice.

Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Nice,  
Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Wood.

### DIED

NICE—On Wednesday, October 23rd, 1918, Hilda Doris, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Nice of Saltburn, Sask., aged 11 years, 8 months, 2 weeks.

BRICKER—On Saturday, October 26th, 1918, Norah, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. Bricker, aged 18 years.

FULTON—On Thursday, October 24th, 1918, Sarah Ellen Fulton, beloved wife of the late James Fulton, aged 65 years.

### LOANS FOR LIVESTOCK

To good Farmers living in the vicinity of its Rural Branches, THE UNION BANK is prepared to make loans, on reasonable terms, for the purpose of purchasing cattle for feeding or breeding purposes.

Consult the Local  
Manager for particulars.

### UNION BANK

#### OF CANADA

Paid up Capital . . . \$5,000,000.00  
Total Assets exceed . . \$140,000,000.00

The Pioneer Bank of  
Western Canada.

T.W. Cuncannon, Mgr. Didsbury Branch  
J.B. Wilson, Manager Carstairs Branch

### Royal George HOTEL

101 STREET, EDMONTON  
Extensive improvements completed  
including new tile floor in lobby

#### 100 ROOMS

Running Hot and Cold Water  
Many with Private Baths

DINING ROOM SERVICE  
as unequalled as ever. Private  
Dining Room for Parties

CENTRALLY LOCATED  
near department stores and theatres

EUROPEAN PLAN  
\$1.00 TO \$2.00

ROBERT E. NOBLE  
MANAGER

### W.S. Durrer

#### UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER

Moved to residence opposite J. M. Reed's house, Hespeler Street.

Phone 140

DIDSBURY, -o- ALTA



King Hiram Lodge No. 21, A.F. & A.M.  
Meets every Tuesday evening on or before full moon. All visiting brethren welcome.

DR. W. G. EVANS, GEO. LIESEMER,  
Secretary. W. M.



DIDSBURY LODGE NO. 18, I.O.O.F.  
Meets in Oddfellows Hall, Didsbury, every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock sharp. Visiting Oddfellows always welcome.

S.R. WOOD, Sec. J.H. ANDERSON, N.G.

Dr. W. MacL. Duncan, D.D.S.  
Dental Surgeon

Graduate Chicago College of Dental Surgery.

Office opposite Roseland Hotel, Osler street.  
Business Phone 120  
Didsbury - - - Alberta

Earle E. Freeman, L.L.B.  
(Successor to W. A. Austin)

Solicitor for  
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Royal Bank of Canada,  
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Residence Phone 50 Office Phone 120  
Didsbury - - - Alberta

J. L. Clarke, M.D., L.M.C.C.  
Physician & Surgeon

Graduate University of Toronto.  
Late senior house surgeon of St. Michael's hospital, Newark, N. J.  
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Obstetrics, Surgery and Animal  
Dentistry a Specialty.  
Calls answered day or night.

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Residence King Edward St., DIDSBURY

### WESTERDALE METHODIST CHURCH

Pastor—Rev. H. Brooke  
Services for Sunday, Nov. 3rd, 1918

Westerdale—11 a.m.  
Hainstock—2 p.m.  
Berrydale—4 p.m.

Young People's Society Tuesdays at 8.00  
p.m. in the parsonage.

Prayer Service Wednesdays at 8.00 p.m.  
in the parsonage.

B.Y.S. and Girls' club Saturdays at 2  
p.m. in the parsonage.

ALL WELCOME

### SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH WEST LAND REGULATIONS.

THE sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions. In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price \$3 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years; cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth \$300.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,

Deputy of the Minister of the Interior  
N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for—1141.